1 2 3 4 5 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT 6 WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON AT SEATTLE 7 JOHN ROBERT DEMOS, JR., 8 CASE NO. C23-527-TL-BAT Petitioner, 9 REPORT AND v. 10 RECOMMENDATION CLERK OF THE COURT, et al., 11 Respondents. 12 Bar-order litigant John Demos<sup>1</sup> applies to proceed in forma pauperis with a proposed 13 14 petition for a writ of mandamus that would force respondents Washington State Supreme Court 15 Clerk and the officers and justices of the Washington Supreme Court to consider a successive, state habeas corpus petition challenging his 1978 criminal conviction instead of rejecting the petition 16 17 administratively based upon state-court standing bar orders. Dkt. 1; see Dkt. 1-1, at 9. Mr. 18 Demos's petition for a writ of mandamus is barred by an Order of this Court that provides for 19 returning without filing any petition by Mr. Demos that seeks an extraordinary writ pursuant to 28 20 21 22 Plaintiff is well-known locally and nationally as an abusive litigant. He is under pre-filing bar orders in a number of courts, including this Court, the Eastern District of Washington, the 23 Washington State courts, the Ninth Circuit Court of Appeals, and the United States Supreme Court. See, e.g., Demos v. Storrie, 507 U.S. 290, 291 (1993).

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1 U.S.C. §§ 1651, 2253 or 2254, unless accompanied by the filing fee. See Demos v. Stanley, MC97-0031-JLW (W.D. Wash. Mar. 13, 1997).<sup>2</sup> 2 As Mr. Demos has submitted no filing fee, the Court recommends that, pursuant to the 3 Court's Order of March 13, 1997, the Clerk be **DIRECTED** to administratively close this matter 4 5 and to strike any pending applications and motions as moot. Moreover, to the extent Mr. 6 Demos's petition for a writ of mandamus against the state court may be construed as a federal 7 habeas petition, he may not proceed with a second or successive habeas petition here unless and until the Ninth Circuit authorizes its filing. See 28 U.S.C. § 2244(b)(3)(A). A proposed Order is 8 9 attached and the Clerk should note that the issuance of a judgment is unnecessary. The Clerk should note the matter as ready for the District Judge's immediate consideration on April 10 11, 2023. 11 12 DATED this 11th day of April, 2023. 13 14 BRIAN A. TSUCHIDA United States Magistrate Judge 15 16 17 18 19 <sup>2</sup> The Court's bar order applying to extraordinary writs and habeas petitions is in addition to, and applied differently than, the orders limiting Mr. Demos to three IFP applications related to 20 proposed civil actions each year. See In re John Robert Demos, MC91-269-CRD (W.D. Wash. Jan. 16, 1992); In re Complaints and Petitions Submitted by John Robert Demos (W.D. Wash. 21 Dec. 15, 1982). It is only with proposed civil actions that Mr. Demos must demonstrate, under 28 U.S.C. § 1915(g), "imminent danger of serious physical injury" to proceed IFP because Mr. 22 Demos has had numerous prior actions dismissed as frivolous, malicious, or for failure to state claim. See Demos v. Lehman, MC99-113-JLW (W.D. Wash. Aug. 23, 1999). Here Mr. Demos 23 asks the district court to order the state supreme court to act on a successive state habeas petition

for a conviction over forty years old. There is clearly no imminent danger of physical injury.